

ONE DAY VISIT

KUALA LUMPUR

exciting • surprising • enticing

A City of Contrasts & Diversity

March 19, 2018

9:00 -16:00 | 50 USD

Note:

- Including Lunch (local seafood)
- Pick up at Kuala Lumpur city centre hotels
- Time Specified Malaysia Time +8 GMT
- Guests are responsible for their belongings
- Tour guide has the right to alter the itinerary due to weather or other unforeseen circumstances.

King's Palace



The palace was originally a double-storey mansion called "The Big House" built in 1928 by a local Chinese millionaire, Chan Wing. The building is nestled within an 11.34-hectare compound with a variety of plants and flowers, swimming pool and indoor badminton hall. It was replaced by new national palace as the official residence of the King in 2011. In 2013, it was converted into "The Royal Museum" and referred as "Old Istana Negara".

The National Monument is sculpture that commemorates those who died in Malaysia's struggle for freedom, which lasted from 1948 until 1960. It is located in Kuala Lumpur. The Malaysian Houses of Parliament is situated near the monument. It is the world's tallest bronze freestanding sculpture grouping. Every year on 31 July- Warriors' Day, the Yang di-Pertuan Agong, the Prime Minister, heads of military, and the police pay their respects to the fallen heroes by laying garlands at the monument.

National Monument



National Museum



The National Museum is located on Jalan Damansara in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, closing to the Perdana Lake Gardens and provides an overview of Malaysian history and culture. It is a palatial structure built in style of Rumah Gadang. Its facade comprises elements of traditional Malay and modern features. It was opened on 31 Aug, 1963, and it serves as a repository of Malaysia's rich cultural and historical heritage.



The National Museum is a three-story structure of 109.7 meters long and 15.1 meters wide and 37.6 meters at the central point. It houses four main galleries allotted to ethnology and natural history. The displays range from free-standing tableaux showing cultural events like, festivals and costumes; to traditional weapons, musical instruments, arts and crafts, ceramics, and flora and fauna.

Twin Tower (photo stop)



The Petronas Towers, also known as the Petronas Twin Towers are twin skyscrapers in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. According to the Council on Tall Buildings and Urban Habitat (CTBUH)'s official definition and ranking, they were the tallest buildings in the world from 1998 to 2004 and remain the tallest twin towers around the world. The buildings are a landmark of Kuala Lumpur, along with nearby Kuala Lumpur Tower.

The original structure of The National Mosque of Malaysia. was designed by a three-person team from the Public Works Department: UK architect Howard Ashley, and Malaysians Hisham Albakri and Baharuddin Kassim. It was built in 1965 on the site of a church, the Venning Road Brethren Gospel Hall, which had stood there since 1922. The mosque is a bold and modern approach in reinforced concrete, symbolic of the aspirations of a then newly independent Malaysia. key features are a 73-metre-high minaret and a 16-pointed star concrete main roof, reminiscent of an open umbrella, the minaret's cap a folded one.

National Mosque



Selangor Pewter (world's largest pewter factory)



Royal Selangor is Malaysia's, if not the world's, leading name in pewter products. On arrival you are assigned a personal guide to take you through the exhibition and explain the history and development of pewterware.

You will see the world's largest tankard, which can hold 2796 litres of beer, and a model of the Petronas Twin Towers building made up of 7000 pewter tankards. Next you will see a demonstration of some of the skilled craftsmanship employed in their clean and modern factory.

Batucaves (hindu temple 272steps in the cave)

Batu Caves is a limestone hill that has a series of caves and cave temples in Gombak, Selangor, Malaysia. It takes its name from the Sungai Batu (Stone River), which flows past the hill. It is the tenth (Pattu in Tamil) limestone hill from Ampang. Batu Caves is also the name of a nearby village. The cave is one of the most popular Hindu shrines outside India, and is dedicated to Lord Murugan. It is the focal point of Hindu festival of Thaipusam in Malaysia



Batik Factory



Jadi Batek Gallery is one of the largest batik and handicrafts center in Kuala Lumpur. Its easily accessible location in the heart of Kuala Lumpur is enhanced by the warm hospitality of its staff.

The main job of the batik artists is to produce batik to the retail showroom of Jadi Batek Gallery. However, some batik is also supplied to local and oversea boutiques. They are also capable to produce custom made batik, supplying batik uniforms to corporate, and batik paintings for interior design projects.